

YOU MAY retain a lawyer or representative, but one is not required. You are free to consult such a representative at any time.

WHAT IF MEDIATION DOES NOT RESULT IN A SETTLEMENT?

IF THE PARTIES are unable to reach a satisfactory solution, the complaint of discrimination will be assigned to the Commission's investigative unit for further processing. The mediator will have no further contact with the handling of the complaint, and no information from the mediation will be included in the investigative file or shared with staff assigned to the case.

WHAT IS THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN MEDIATION AND INVESTIGATION?

MEDIATION seeks a voluntary resolution of the dispute by the parties, without deciding the merits of the case.

INVESTIGATION IS a longer process and results in a decision on the merits of the complaint. Its purpose is to determine if there is enough evidence to prove discrimination.

A DECISION not to mediate a case, or a mediation session which does not result in settlement, does not impact the case as it goes through the investigative process.

HOW CAN I LEARN MORE?

IF YOU FILED a complaint of discrimination with ICRC, or if a complaint has been filed against you, your company or organization, and you wish to consider mediation, our ADR Director can assist you. For additional information:

INDIANA CIVIL RIGHTS COMMISSION 100 NORTH SENATE AVENUE, ROOM N103 INDIANAPOLIS. INDIANA 46204

 OFFICE:
 (317)
 232-2600

 TOLL FREE:
 (800)
 628-2909

 HEARING IMPAIRED:
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 743-3333

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MONDAY - FRIDAY
Intake Hours 7:00 A.M. - 6:00 P.M.

Large print, Spanish, or braille publication available upon request. Si necesita esta publicacion, la puede solicitar en caracteres grandes, español y braille.

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Frank O'Bannon Governor of Indiana

Alpha Blackburn Chairperson

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A VOLUNTARY MEDIATION PROGRAM

To resolve complaints of discrimination based on:

Race
Color
National origin or ancestry
Sex
Disability
Religion
Familial status (in housing) or
Retaliation.



SANDRA D. LEEK, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

"Morality cannot be legislated, but behavior can be regulated."

— Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr.



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MEDIATION AT THE INDIANA CIVIL RIGHTS **COMMISSION**

IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITS STATUTORY OBLIGA-TION, THE INDIANA CIVIL RIGHTS COMMISSION (ICRC) INVITES THE PARTIES INVOLVED IN DIS-CRIMINATION COMPLAINTS TO RESOLVE THEIR DISAGREEMENTS THROUGH MEDIATION. THIS METHOD OF DISPUTE RESOLUTION HAS BEEN SUCCESSFUL IN DEALING WITH DOMESTIC DIS-PUTES AS WELL AS INTERNATIONAL CONFLICTS.



SOME COMMONLY ASKED **QUESTIONS ABOUT MEDIATION**

WHAT IS MEDIATION?

MEDIATION is a process in which an impartial third party assists the parties in resolving their dispute. The mediator typically:

- Invites the parties to the dispute to discuss the problem:
- Empowers the parties by facilitating problem solving, brainstorming and mutual understanding;
- Facilitates the development of mutually-acceptable agreements;
- Works to reduce hostilities and improve communication; and

Encourages cooperation and respect in an informal and creative atmosphere.

WHAT ARE THE ADVANTAGES OF **MEDIATION?**

MEDIATION has advantages over other forms of dispute resolution. Mediation:

- Allows the parties to get different views and perspectives;
- Clarifies the issues causing the disagreement:
- Stimulates problem solving efforts:
- Provides the parties an uninterrupted opportunity to present their point of view;
- Helps individuals focus on what they have in common rather than on the issues dividing them;
- Fosters the rebuilding of a damaged relationship:
- **Enables parties to retain decision** making authority, keeping it out of the hands of the third parties;
- Helps resolve conflicts in an informal, expeditious, and a costeffective manner; and
- Allows parties to tailor a creative solution to their dispute.

MEDIATION Is voluntary. However, both

WHAT IS THE ROLE OF THE PARTIES!

parties must agree to mediate. Unless both parties agree to use the mediation process as a way to help resolve their disagreement, mediation cannot occur.

Mediation is most successful when parties:

- Approach mediation in good faith and with an open mind;
- Be willing to listen and to consider all aspects of the issues:
- Be active participants in mediation; and
- Develop the terms of the settlement agreement with the assistance of the mediator.

YOUR CASE may be assigned to a member of the Commission's Alternative Dispute Resolution (ADR) Team. The members of this team have successfully completed specialized training in mediation. All mediators used by ICRC have these qualifications:

- Ability to maintain confidentiality and objectivity:
- **Excellent communication skills:**
- Knowledge of the laws under which ICRC complaints are filed.







